SENATE BILL No. 127

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 13-23-13-5.5; IC 13-23-13-8.

Synopsis: Underground storage tank corrective action. With respect to an action against a person who owned or operated an underground storage tank (UST) at the time a release occurred for recovery of costs paid to the state for corrective action or for contribution for costs directly incurred for corrective action: (1) permits recovery or contribution only to the extent the costs are reasonable; (2) indicates which types of costs incurred for corrective action are subject to contribution; (3) allows a court to award attorney's fees and court costs and past, present, and future corrective action costs; (4) prohibits an award for contribution toward corrective action costs and attorney's fees and court costs incurred after a responsible party agrees to assume responsibility for corrective action; (5) requires a person who intends to initiate an action to first file a notice of intent with the department of environmental management (IDEM) and with each person allegedly responsible for the UST release; and (6) limits the authority to pursue a contribution action if IDEM commences an administrative proceeding or court action concerning the UST release or the person who owned or operated the UST at the time the release occurred agrees to remediate the release.

Effective: Upon passage.

Gard

January 5, 2010, read first time and referred to Committee on Energy and Environmental Affairs.



Second Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2010)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

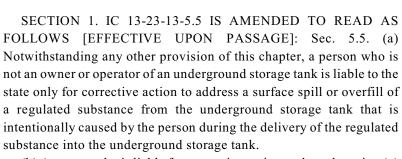
Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2009 Regular and Special Sessions of the General Assembly.

C

SENATE BILL No. 127

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning environmental law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



- (b) A person who is liable for corrective action under subsection (a) is subject to a claim for contribution to corrective action costs arising solely from the surface spill or overfill by a person described in section 8(b)(1) 8(b) or 8(b)(2) 8(c) of this chapter. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) and (d), an action for contribution under this section may be brought in the same manner and is subject to the same provisions as an action brought under section 8(b) 8(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Before a person brings initiates a contribution action under this section, the person must provide written notice of intent to bring



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8 9

10

1112

13

14

15

16 17 0

p

У

1	initiate the action by certified mail to:
2	(1) the department; and
3	(2) each person allegedly responsible for the surface spill or
4	overfill that occurred during the delivery of a regulated substance
5	into the underground storage tank.
6	(d) A person that provides notice under subsection (c) may not bring
7	initiate a contribution action if:
8	(1) the department commences an administrative proceeding or
9	a civil action concerning the alleged surface spill or overfill not
10	later than ninety (90) days after receiving notice under subsection
11	(c)(1); or
12	(2) the person who receives the notice under subsection (c)(2)
13	agrees in writing, within ninety (90) days after receipt of the
14	notice, to remediate the surface spill or overfill in accordance
15	with the state's rules governing spills and overfills.
16	SECTION 2. IC 13-23-13-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8. (a) Except where
18	an owner or operator can prove that a release from an underground
19	storage tank was caused solely by:
20	(1) an act of God;
21	(2) an act of war;
22	(3) negligence on the part of the state or the United States
23	government; or
24	(4) any combination of the causes set forth in subdivisions (1)
25	through (3);
26	the owner or operator of an underground storage tank is liable to the
27	state for the actual reasonable costs of any corrective action taken
28	under section 2 of this chapter or IC 13-7-20-19(b) (before its repeal)
29	involving the underground storage tank and is responsible for
30	undertaking any corrective action, including undertaking an exposure
31	assessment, ordered under this chapter, IC 13-23-14-1, IC 13-7-20-19
32	(before its repeal), or IC 13-7-20-26 (before its repeal), or required by
33	this title or a rule adopted under this title.
34	(b) A person who:
35	(1) pays to the state the costs described under subsection (a); or
36	(2) undertakes corrective action resulting from a release from an
37	underground storage tank, regardless of whether the corrective
38	action is undertaken voluntarily or under an order issued under
39	this chapter, IC 13-23-14-1, IC 13-7-20-19 (before its repeal), or
40	IC 13-7-20-26 (before its repeal);
41	is entitled to receive a contribution from a person who owned or
42	operated the underground storage tank at the time the release occurred.



1	A person who brings a successful action to receive a contribution from
2	an owner or operator is also entitled to receive reasonable attorney's
3	fees and court costs from the owner or operator. An action brought
4	under this subsection may be brought in a circuit or superior court. In
5	resolving a contribution claim, a court may allocate the cost of a
6	corrective action among the parties to the action using equitable factors
7	that the court determines are appropriate.
8	(b) A person who pays to the state the reasonable corrective
9	action costs described under subsection (a) may recover those costs
10	from a person who owned or operated the underground storage
11	tank at the time the release occurred.
12	(c) Subject to subsection (e) and except as provided in
13	subsections (f) through (i), a person who incurs costs or will incur
14	costs for corrective action that is undertaken:
15	(1) to investigate, minimize, contain, eliminate, remediate,
16	mitigate, or clean up a release from an underground storage
17	tank, including emergency measures taken as part of an initial
18	response to the release; and
19	(2) under an order issued under this chapter, IC 13-23-14-1,
20	IC 13-7-20-19 (before its repeal), or IC 13-7-20-26 (before its
21	repeal);
22	may receive a contribution toward those costs from a person who
23	owned or operated the underground storage tank at the time the
24	release occurred.
25	(d) An action brought under subsection (b) or (c) may be
26	brought in a circuit or superior court.
27	(e) Before a person initiates an action under subsection (c) on or
28	after the effective date of this subsection, the person must provide
29	written notice of intent to initiate the action by certified mail to:
30	(1) the department; and
31	(2) each person allegedly responsible for the release from the
32	underground storage tank.
33	(f) If:
34	(1) a person provides notice of intent to initiate an action
35	under subsection (e); and
36	(2) the department commences an administrative proceeding
37	or a civil action concerning the alleged release:
38	(A) before the person initiates the action; and
39	(B) not later than ninety (90) days after receiving the
40	notice;
41	the person may not initiate the action.
42	(g) If:



1	(1) a person provides notice of intent to initiate an action
2	under subsection (e);
3	(2) the person initiates the action; and
4	(3) the department commences an administrative proceeding
5	or a civil action concerning the alleged release:
6	(A) after the person initiates the action; and
7	(B) not later than ninety (90) days after receiving the
8	notice;
9	the person may not continue to prosecute the action.
.0	(h) If:
1	(1) a person provides notice of intent to initiate an action
2	under subsection (e); and
.3	(2) the person who receives the notice agrees in writing:
4	(A) before the person referred to in subdivision (1) initiates
.5	the action; and
6	(B) not later than ninety (90) days after receiving the
7	notice;
8	to remediate the release in accordance with the state's rules
9	governing releases from underground storage tanks;
20	the person referred to in subdivision (1) may not initiate the action.
21	(i) If:
22	(1) a person provides notice of intent to initiate an action to a
23	person under subsection (e);
24	(2) the person referred to in subdivision (1) initiates the
25	action; and
26	(3) the person who receives the notice agrees in writing:
27	(A) after the person referred to in subdivision (1) initiates
28	the action; and
29	(B) not later than ninety (90) days after receiving the
0	notice;
31	to remediate the release in accordance with the state's rules
32	governing releases from underground storage tanks;
3	the person referred to in subdivision (1) may not continue to
34	prosecute the action.
55	(j) This subsection applies to actions initiated to recover costs or
66	for contribution under this section on or after the effective date of
37	this subsection and to actions initiated to recover costs or for
8	contribution under this section that are not finally adjudicated
9	before the effective date of this subsection. In resolving a claim in
10	an action initiated to recover costs or for contribution under this
1	section, a court may use any legal and equitable factors that the
-2	court determines are appropriate in deciding whether to do any of



1	the following:
2	(1) Award costs of corrective action reasonably incurred in
3	pursuing the recovery of costs under subsection (b).
4	(2) Except as provided in subsection (k), award past, present,
5	and future costs of undertaking corrective action reasonably
6	incurred in pursuing a contribution under subsection (c).
7	(3) Except as provided in subsection (k), award attorney's fees
8	and court costs to a person who reasonably incurred those
9	fees and costs in prosecuting a successful action under
10	subsection (b) or (c).
11	(4) Allocate any amounts awarded under subdivisions (1)
12	through (3) among the parties to the action.
13	(k) The following that are incurred after a responsible party
14	agrees to assume responsibility for corrective action are not
15	recoverable under this article:
16	(1) Costs of undertaking corrective action incurred in
17	pursuing a contribution under subsection (c).
18	(2) Attorney's fees and court costs incurred in prosecuting a
19	successful action under subsection (c).
20	(c) (l) Money recovered by the state under this section in connection
21	with any corrective action undertaken with respect to a release of
22	petroleum shall be deposited in the petroleum trust fund.
23	(d) (m) Money recovered by the state under this section in
24	connection with any corrective action undertaken with respect to a
25	release of a regulated substance other than petroleum shall be deposited
26	in the hazardous substances response trust fund.
27	(e) (n) The state may recover corrective action costs under this
28	section in an action commenced under IC 13-14-2-6, IC 13-14-2-7,
29	IC 13-7-5-7 (before its repeal), or IC 13-7-5-8 (before its repeal). An
30	action to recover corrective action costs under this section may be
31	combined, as appropriate, with an action to enforce an order issued
32	under section 1 of this chapter or IC 13-7-20-19(a) (before its repeal)
33	to require corrective action not already undertaken by the
34	commissioner.

SECTION 3. An emergency is declared for this act.

